MSDS for: CB-10 Revised: 12-Feb-2009

SECTION 1:

PRODUCT IDENTIFIER: CB-10 COVE BASE & STAIR TREAD ADHESIVE

DATE OF PREPARATION: FEBRUARY 4, 2008

PRODUCT USE: ADHESIVE

MANUFACTURED BY: AKZO NOBEL

15885 WEST SPRAGUE ROAD

STRONGSVILLE, OHIO 44136, U.S.A.

AKZO NOBEL (CANADA) 8200 KEELE STREET

CONCORD, ONTARIO L4K 2A5, CANADA

EMERGENCY AND MSDS TELEPHONE NUMBER: 1-800-545-2643

MSDS PREPARED BY: PRODUCT SAFETY AND COMPLIANCE DEPARTMENT

AKZO NOBEL NORTH AMERICA

SECTION 2: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| INGREDIENT | | WT. % |
|---|--|---------|
| CHEMICAL NAME: COMMON NAME: CAS NUMBER: | ACRYLIC RESIN ACRYLIC RESIN CONFIDENTIAL | 10-20 |
| CHEMICAL NAME: COMMON NAME: CAS NUMBER: | LIMESTONE LIMESTONE 1317-65-3 | 30-40 |
| CHEMICAL NAME: COMMON NAME: CAS NUMBER: | KAOLIN CLAY 1332-58-7 | 5-10 |
| CHEMICAL NAME: COMMON NAME: CAS NUMBER: | TITANIUM OXIDE TITANIUM DIOXIDE 13463-67-7 | 0.1-1.0 |
| CHEMICAL NAME: COMMON NAME: CAS NUMBER: | CRISTOBALITE CRYSTALLINE SILICA, CRISTOBALITE 14464-46-1 | 0.1-1.0 |
| CHEMICAL NAME: COMMON NAME: CAS NUMBER: | QUARTZ QUARTZ 14808-60-7 | 0.1-1.0 |
| CHEMICAL NAME: COMMON NAME: CAS NUMBER: | WATER WATER 7732-18-5 | 30-40 |

CHEMICAL NAME: WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)

COMMON NAME: MINERAL OIL CAS NUMBER: 8042-47-5

SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF EXPOSURE: INHALATION, SKIN CONTACT, EYE CONTACT,

INGESTION

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

INHALATION: IRRITATION OF RESPIRATORY TRACT. PROLONGED INHALATION

MAY LEAD TO. INHALATION OF SPRAY MIST MAY CAUSE IRRITATION OF RESPIRATORY TRACT, HEADACHE, NAUSEA,

1-5

COUGHING, SNEEZING, PNEUMOCONIOSIS.

SKIN CONTACT: IRRITATION OF SKIN.

EYE CONTACT: IRRITATION OF EYES. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT CAN

CAUSE TEARING OF EYES, REDNESS OF EYES.

INGESTION: INGESTION MAY CAUSE LUNG INFLAMMATION AND DAMAGE DUE

TO ASPIRATION OF MATERIAL INTO LUNGS, MOUTH AND THROAT

IRRITATION, NAUSEA, DIARRHEA, GASTRO-INTESTINAL

DISTURBANCES, ABDOMINAL PAIN.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

EYE, SKIN, RESPIRATORY DISORDERS, LUNG DISORDERS

SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

INHALATION: REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. RESTORE AND SUPPORT CONTINUED

BREATHING. GET EMERGENCY MEDICAL ATTENTION. HAVE TRAINED PERSON GIVE OXYGEN IF NECESSARY. GET MEDICAL

HELP FOR ANY BREATHING DIFFICULTY.

SKIN CONTACT: WASH THOROUGHLY WITH SOAP AND WATER. IF ANY PRODUCT

REMAINS, GENTLY RUB PETROLEUM JELLY, VEGETABLE OR

MINERAL/BABY OIL ONTO SKIN. REPEATED APPLICATIONS MAY BE

NEEDED. REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING. WASH

CONTAMINATED CLOTHING BEFORE RE-USE.

EYE CONTACT: FLUSH IMMEDIATELY WITH LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER,

ESPECIALLY UNDER LIDS FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. IF IRRITATION OR OTHER EFFECTS PERSIST, OBTAIN MEDICAL

TREATMENT.

INGESTION: IF SWALLOWED, OBTAIN MEDICAL TREATMENT IMMEDIATELY.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT (SETA): ABOVE 200F/93C LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: NOT AVAILABLE

UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: NOT AVAILABLE

FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: DRY CHEMICAL OR FOAM, WATER FOG, CARBON DIOXIDE

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

CLOSED CONTAINERS MAY BURST IF EXPOSED TO EXTREME HEAT OR FIRE. IN CLOSED TANKS, WATER OR FOAM MAY CAUSE FROTHING OR ERUPTION.

FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

WATER MAY BE USED TO COOL AND PROTECT EXPOSED CONTAINERS. FIREFIGHTERS SHOULD USE FULL PROTECTIVE CLOTHING, EYE PROTECTION, AND SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR COMBUSTION PRODUCTS

CARBON MONOXIDE, CARBON DIOXIDE, ACRYLIC MONOMERS, OXIDES OF CALCIUM

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS. ELIMINATE ALL SOURCES OF IGNITION. VENTILATE AREA. SPILLS MAY BE COLLECTED WITH ABSORBENT MATERIALS. PLACE COLLECTED MATERIAL IN PROPER CONTAINER SPILLED MATERIAL IS EXTREMELY SLIPPERY.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

STORE BELOW 100F (38C). KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT, SPARKS AND OPEN FLAME. KEEP FROM FREEZING.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION. DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. AVOID CONTACT WITH SKIN AND EYES, AND BREATHING OF VAPORS. WASH HANDS THOROUGHLY AFTER HANDLING, ESPECIALLY BEFORE EATING OR SMOKING. KEEP CONTAINERS TIGHTLY CLOSED AND UPRIGHT WHEN NOT IN USE.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

COMMON NAME: LIMESTONE CAS NUMBER: 1317-65-3

ACGIH(TWA): 10 MG/M3 OSHA(TWA): 5 MG/M3

COMMON NAME: CLAY

CAS NUMBER: 1332-58-7

ACGIH(TWA): 2 MG/M3 OSHA(TWA): 5 MG/M3

COMMON NAME: TITANIUM DIOXIDE

CAS NUMBER: 13463-67-7

ACGIH(TWA): 10 MG/M3 OSHA(TWA): 10 MG/M3

COMMON NAME: CRYSTALLINE SILICA, CRISTOBALITE

CAS NUMBER: 14464-46-1

ACGIH(TWA): 0.025 MG/M3 OSHA(TWA): 0.05 MG/M3

COMMON NAME: QUARTZ CAS NUMBER: 14808-60-7

ACGIH(TWA): 0.025 MG/M3 OSHA(TWA): 0.1 MG/M3

COMMON NAME: MINERAL OIL

CAS NUMBER: 8042-47-5

ACGIH(TWA): 5 MG/M3 OSHA(TWA): 5 MG/M3

ACGIH(STEL): 10 MG/M3

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

CONTROL ENVIRONMENTAL CONCENTRATIONS BELOW APPLICABLE EXPOSURE STANDARDS WHEN USING THIS MATERIAL. WHEN RESPIRATORY PROTECTION IS DETERMINED TO BE NECESSARY, USE A NIOSH/MSHA (CANADIAN Z94.4) APPROVED ELASTOMERIC SEALING-SURFACE FACEPIECE RESPIRATOR OUTFITTED WITH ORGANIC VAPOR CARTRIDGES AND PAINT SPRAY (DUST/MIST) PREFILTERS. DETERMINE THE PROPER LEVEL OF PROTECTION BY CONDUCTING APPROPRIATE AIR MONITORING. CONSULT 29CFR1910.134 FOR SELECTION OF RESPIRATORS (CANADIAN Z94.4).

VENTILATION: PROVIDE DILUTION VENTILATION OR LOCAL EXHAUST TO PREVENT BUILD-UP OF VAPORS.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYE WASH, SAFETY SHOWER, SAFETY GLASSES OR GOGGLES, IMPERVIOUS GLOVES, IMPERVIOUS CLOTHING, FACE SHIELD, BOOTS

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

VAPOR PRESSURE: NOT AVAILABLE SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.369

BOILING RANGE (F/C): 212-212/100-100 WEIGHT PER GALLON: 11.41/13.70 IMP

APPEARANCE: TAN %VOLATILE BY VOLUME: 51.77 PHYSICAL STATE: PASTE PH: 8.90

SOLUBLE IN WATER: YES

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

UNDER NORMAL CONDITIONS: STABLE (SEE SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES)

MATERIALS TO AVOID: OXIDIZERS, ACIDS, AMMONIUM SALTS. STYRENE

MONOMER

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: ELEVATED TEMPERATURES, FREEZING, SPARKS,

OPEN FLAME

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

COMMON NAME: LIMESTONE CAS NUMBER: 1317-65-3

CARCINOGENICITY LISTED BY: NTP NO IARC NO OSHA NO ACGIH NO

LD50: 6450.00 MG/KG ORL RAT

COMMON NAME: CLAY CAS NUMBER: 1332-58-7

CARCINOGENICITY LISTED BY: NTP NO IARC NO OSHA NO ACGIH NO

COMMON NAME: TITANIUM DIOXIDE

CAS NUMBER: 13463-67-7

CARCINOGENICITY LISTED BY: NTP YES 2B IARC YES 2B OSHA NO ACGIH NO

LD50: 24.00 GM/KG ORL RAT LC50: 6820.00 MG/M3/4HR IHL RAT

COMMON NAME: CRYSTALLINE SILICA, CRISTOBALITE

CAS NUMBER: 14464-46-1

CARCINOGENICITY LISTED BY: NTP YES IARC YES 1 OSHA NO ACGIH YES A2

COMMON NAME: QUARTZ CAS NUMBER: 14808-60-7

CARCINOGENICITY LISTED BY: NTP YES IARC YES 1 OSHA NO ACGIH YES A2

COMMON NAME: MINERAL OIL CAS NUMBER: 8042-47-5

CARCINOGENICITY LISTED BY: NTP NO IARC NO OSHA NO ACGIH NO

SUPPLEMENTAL HEALTH INFORMATION

NO ADDITIONAL EFFECTS ARE ANTICIPATED

CARCINOGENICITY: CONTAINS CRYSTALLINE SILICA WHICH IS CONSIDERED A

HAZARD BY INHALATION. IARC HAS CLASSIFIED CRYSTALLINE SILICA AS CARCINOGENIC TO HUMANS (GROUP 1). CRYSTALLINE SILICA IS ALSO A KNOWN CAUSE OF SILICOSIS, A NONCANCEROUS LUNG DISEASE. THE NATIONAL TOXICOLOGY PROGRAM (NTP) HAS CLASSIFIED CRYSTALLINE SILICA AS A KNOWN HUMAN CARCINOGEN. IN A LIFETIME INHALATION STUDY, EXPOSURE TO 250

MG/M3 TITANIUM DIOXIDE RESULTED IN THE

DEVELOPMENT OF LUNG TUMORS IN RATS. THESE TUMORS OCCURRED ONLY AT DUST LEVELS THAT OVERWHELMED THE ANIMALS' LUNG CLEARANCE MECHANISMS AND WERE DIFFERENT FROM COMMON HUMAN LUNG TUMORS IN BOTH TYPE AND LOCATION. THE RELEVANCE OF THESE FINDINGS TO HUMANS IS UNKNOWN BUT QUESTIONABLE. THE INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER (IARC) HAS CLASSIFIED TITANIUM DIOXIDE AS POSSIBLY CARCINOGENIC TO HUMANS (GROUP 2B) BASED ON

INADEQUATE EVIDENCE OF CARCINOGENICITY IN HUMANS

AND SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE OF CARCINOGENICITY IN

EXPERIMENTAL ANIMALS.

REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS: NO REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS ARE ANTICIPATED

MUTAGENICITY: NO MUTAGENIC EFFECTS ARE ANTICIPATED

TERATOGENICITY: NO TERATOGENIC EFFECTS ARE ANTICIPATED

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

NO ECOLOGICAL TESTING HAS BEEN DONE BY AKZO NOBEL ON THIS PRODUCT AS A WHOLE.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL: DISPOSE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE REGULATIONS.

AVOID DISCHARGE TO NATURAL WATERS.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT: ADHESIVE

IMDG: NOT AVAILABLE IATA: NOT AVAILABLE TDG: NOT AVAILABLE

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA SARA CERCLA HAZ AIR MARINE 302 313 302.4 POLLUTANT POLTNT

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS NO SARA 302, CERCLA 302.4 OR HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANT CHEMICALS. IT ALSO CONTAINS NO CHEMICALS WHICH ARE SUBJECT TO THE EPORTING REQUIREMENTS UNDER SARA 313. AS OF THE DATE OF THIS MSDS, ALL OF THE COMPONENTS IN THIS PRODUCT ARE LISTED (OR ARE OTHERWISE EXEMPT FROM LISTING) ON THE TSCA INVENTORY. THIS PRODUCT HAS BEEN CLASSIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE HAZARD CRITERIA OF THE CPR (CONTROLLED PRODUCTS REGULATIONS) AND THE MSDS CONTAINS ALL THE INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THE CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS BASED ON DATA AVAILABLE AT THE TIME OF PREPARATION OF THIS DATA SHEET AND WHICH AKZO NOBEL BELIEVES TO BE RELIABLE. HOWEVER, NO WARRANTY IS EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED REGARDING THE ACCURACY OF THIS DATA. AKZO NOBEL SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE USE OF THIS INFORMATION, OR OF ANY PRODUCT, METHOD OR APPARATUS MENTIONED AND YOU MUST MAKE YOUR OWN DETERMINATION OF ITS SUITABILITY AND COMPLETENESS FOR YOUR OWN USE, FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE ENVIRONMENT, AND THE HEALTH AND SAFETY OF YOUR EMPLOYEES AND USERS OF THIS MATERIAL. COMPLIES WITH OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD 29CFR1910.1200.