

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Ashland P.O. Box 2219 Columbus, OH 43216	Regulatory Information Number Telephone Emergency telephone	1-800-325-3751 614-790-3333 1-800-ASHLAND (1-800-274- 5263)
Product name	MINERAL SPIRITS RULE 66 DR	55 GA
Product code Product Use Description	VURULE66 No data	

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Appearance: liquid, colourless

CAUTION! COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. MAY AFFECT THE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM CAUSING DIZZINESS, HEADACHE OR NAUSEA. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED OR SWALLOWED. MAY CAUSE SKIN AND RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE DERMATITIS AND BURNS.

Potential Health Effects

Exposure routes

Inhalation, Skin absorption, Skin contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye contact

May cause mild eye irritation. Symptoms include stinging, tearing, and redness.

Skin contact

Can cause skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry the skin. Symptoms may include redness, burning, and drying and cracking of skin, burns and other skin damage. Passage of this material into the body through the skin is possible, but it is unlikely that this would result in harmful effects during safe handling and use.



Ingestion

Swallowing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Swallowing large amounts may be harmful. This material can get into the lungs during swallowing or vomiting. This results in lung inflammation and other lung injury.

Inhalation

Breathing of vapor or mist is possible. Breathing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Breathing large amounts may be harmful. Symptoms are not expected at air concentrations below the recommended exposure limits, if applicable (see Section 8.).

Aggravated Medical Condition

Preexisting disorders of the following organs (or organ systems) may be aggravated by exposure to this material:, Skin, lung (for example, asthma-like conditions), immune system

Symptoms

Signs and symptoms of exposure to this material through breathing, swallowing, and/or passage of the material through the skin may include:, stomach or intestinal upset (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea), irritation (nose, throat, airways), central nervous system depression (dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness) and other central nervous system effects, respiratory failure

Target Organs

This material (or a component) has been shown to lower activity of certain immune system cells in experimental animals. The significance of this effect with respect to human health is uncertain., Exposure to this material (or a component) has been found to cause kidney damage in male rats. The mechanism by which this toxicity occurs is specific to the male rat and the kidney effects are not expected to occur in humans., Overexposure to this material (or its components) has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in laboratory animals:, mild, reversible liver effects

Carcinogenicity

This material is not listed as a carcinogen by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the National Toxicology Program (NTP), or the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

Reproductive hazard

Based on the available information, risk to the fetus from maternal exposure to this material cannot be assessed.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS



Hazardous Components	CAS-No.	Concentration
MINERAL SPIRITS REGULAR	8052-41-3	<=100%
TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,2,4-	95-63-6	>=1.5-<5%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes

If symptoms develop, move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Flush eyes gently with water while holding eyelids apart. If symptoms persist or there is any visual difficulty, seek medical attention.

Skin

Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with large amounts of water. If skin is damaged, seek immediate medical attention. If skin is not damaged and symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Launder clothing before reuse.

Ingestion

Seek medical attention. If individual is drowsy or unconscious, do not give anything by mouth; place individual on the left side with the head down. Contact a physician, medical facility, or poison control center for advice about whether to induce vomiting. If possible, do not leave individual unattended.

Inhalation

If symptoms develop, immediately move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Seek immediate medical attention; keep person warm and quiet. If person is not breathing, begin artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If symptoms develop, move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. Keep person warm and quiet; seek immediate medical attention.

Notes to physician

Hazards: This material is an aspiration hazard. Potential danger from aspiration must be weighed against possible oral toxicity (See Section 2 - Swallowing) when deciding whether to induce vomiting.

Treatment: No information available.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES



Suitable extinguishing media Dry chemical, Foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Hazardous combustion products

carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, Hydrocarbons

Precautions for fire-fighting

If product is heated above its flash point it will produce vapors sufficient to support combustion. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground and be ignited by heat, pilot lights, other flames and ignition sources at locations near the point of release. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty) because product (even just residue) can ignite explosively.Wear full firefighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear), and respiratory protection (SCBA).

NFPA Flammable and Combustible Liquids Classification

Combustible Liquid Class II

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions

For personal protection see section 8. Eliminate all ignition sources (flares, flames including pilot lights, electrical sparks). Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up has been completed. Stop spill at source. Prevent from entering drains, sewers, streams or other bodies of water. Prevent from spreading. If runoff occurs, notify authorities as required. Pump or vacuum transfer spilled product to clean containers for recovery. Absorb unrecoverable product. Transfer contaminated absorbent, soil and other materials to containers for disposal. Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up has been completed. Eliminate all ignition sources (flares, flames including pilot lights, electrical sparks).

Environmental precautions

Prevent run-off to sewers, streams or other bodies of water. If run-off occurs, notify proper authorities as required, that a spill has occurred.

Methods for cleaning up

Absorb liquid on vermiculite, floor absorbent or other absorbent material.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

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Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid), all hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed. Static ignition hazard can result from handling and use. Electrically bond and ground all containers, personnel and equipment before transfer or use of material. Special precautions may be necessary to dissipate static electricity for non-conductive containers. Use proper bonding and grounding during product transfer as described in National Fire Protection Association document NFPA 77. Hydrocarbon solvents are basically non-conductors of electricity and can become electrostatically charged during mixing, filtering or pumping at high flow rates. If this charge reaches a sufficiently high level, sparks can form that may ignite the vapors of flammable liquids. Warning. Sudden release of hot organic chemical vapors or mists from process equipment operating at elevated temperature and pressure, or sudden ingress of air into vacuum equipment, may result in ignitions without the presence of obvious ignition sources. Published "autoignition" or "ignition" temperature values cannot be treated as safe operating temperatures in chemical processes without analysis of the actual process conditions. Any use of this product in elevated temperature processes should be thoroughly evaluated to establish and maintain safe operating conditions.

Storage

Do not store near extreme heat, open flame, or sources of ignition.

MINERAL SPIRITS REG	ULAR	8052-41-3
ACGIH	time weighted average	100 ppm
NIOSH	Recommended exposure	350 mg/m3
	limit (REL):	
NIOSH	Ceiling Limit Value and	1,800 mg/m3
	Time Period (if	
	specified):	
OSHA Z1	Permissible exposure	500 ppm
	limit	
OSHA Z1	Permissible exposure	2,900 mg/m3
	limit	
OSHA Z1A	time weighted average	100 ppm
OSHA Z1A	time weighted average	525 mg/m3
US CA OEL	Time Weighted Average	100 ppm
	(TWA) Permissible	
	Exposure Limit (PEL):	
US CA OEL	Time Weighted Average	525 mg/m3
	(TWA) Permissible	
	Exposure Limit (PEL):	
TRIMETHYLBENZENE	1,2,4-	95-63-6

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines



NIOSH	Recommended exposure limit (REL):	25 ppm
NIOSH	Recommended exposure limit (REL):	125 mg/m3
ACGIH	time weighted average	25 ppm
OSHA Z1A	time weighted average	25 ppm
OSHA Z1A	time weighted average	125 mg/m3
US CA OEL	Time Weighted Average (TWA) Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL):	25 ppm
US CA OEL	Time Weighted Average (TWA) Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL):	125 mg/m3

General advice

These recommendations provide general guidance for handling this product. Personal protective equipment should be selected for individual applications and should consider factors which affect exposure potential, such as handling practices, chemical concentrations and ventilation. It is ultimately the responsibility of the employer to follow regulatory guidelines established by local authorities.

Exposure controls

Provide sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation to maintain exposure below TLV(s).

Eye protection

Chemical splash goggles in compliance with OSHA regulations are advised; however, OSHA regulations also permit other type safety glasses. Consult your safety representative.

Skin and body protection

Wear resistant gloves (consult your safety equipment supplier). To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots.

Respiratory protection

If workplace exposure limit(s) of product or any component is exceeded (see exposure guidelines), a NIOSH-approved air supplied respirator is advised in absence of proper environmental control. OSHA regulations also permit other NIOSH respirators (negative pressure type) under specified conditions (see your industrial hygienist). Engineering or administrative controls should be implemented to reduce exposure.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state

liquid

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Page: 7 Revision Date: 04/05/2010 Print Date: 7/5/2011 MSDS Number: R0000591 Version: 1.11

MINERAL SPIRITS RULE 66 DR 55 GA VURULE66

Form Colour Odour Boiling point/boiling range Melting point/range

Sublimation point pН Flash point **Ignition temperature Evaporation rate** Lower explosion limit/Upper explosion limit **Particle size** Vapour pressure **Relative vapour density** Density **Bulk density** Water solubility **Solubility** Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water log Pow **Autoignition temperature** Viscosity, dynamic Viscosity, kinematic **Solids in Solution Decomposition temperature Burning number Dust explosion constant Minimum ignition energy**

liquid colourless hydrocarbon-like 315.00 °F / 157.22 °C -94 °F / -70 °C

no data available no data available 40.55 °C Tag closed cup no data available 0.11 n-Butyl Acetate 1.0 %(V) / 6.0 %(V) no data available 2.000 mmHg @ 68.00 °F / 20.00 °C 4.9 AIR=1 0.7720 g/cm3 @ 60.00 °F / 15.56 °C 6.44 lb/gal @ 60.00 °F / 15.56 °C negligible no data available no data available no data available 450 °F / 232 °C no data available no data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability

Stable.

Conditions to avoid

None known.

Incompatible products

Strong oxidizing agents



Hazardous decomposition products carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, Hydrocarbons

Hazardous reactions

Product will not undergo hazardous polymerization.

Thermal decomposition

No data

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD 50 Rat : > 5 g/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity MINERAL SPIRITS REGULAR	:	no data available
TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,2,4-	:	LC 50 Rat: 18 g/m3; 4 h LC 50 Rat: > 2,000 mg/L; 48 h

Acute dermal toxicity

: LD 50 Rabbit: (>) 3 g/kg

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Biodegradability MINERAL SPIRITS REGULAR	:	no data available
TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,2,4-	:	no data available
Bioaccumulation		
MINERAL SPIRITS REGULAR	:	no data available
TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,2,4-	:	no data available
Ecotoxicity effects		
Toxicity to fish		
MINERAL SPIRITS REGULAR		na data anailahla
WIINERAL SPIKITS KEUULAK	:	no data available



(96 h flow-through test LC 50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas): 7.19 - 8.28 mg/L Method: Flow through; Mortality
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Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrate	es.	
MINERAL SPIRITS REGULAR	:	no data available
TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,2,4-	:	no data available
Toxicity to algae		
MINERAL SPIRITS REGULAR	:	no data available
TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,2,4-	:	no data available
Toxicity to bacteria		
MINERAL SPIRITS REGULAR	:	no data available
TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,2,4-	:	no data available
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)		
MINERAL SPIRITS REGULAR	:	no data available
TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,2,4-	:	no data available
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)		
MINERAL SPIRITS REGULAR	:	no data available
TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,2,4-	:	no data available
Additional ecological information		
MINERAL SPIRITS REGULAR	:	no data available
TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,2,4-	:	no data available



13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds or estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit, and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA. For assistance with your waste management needs - including disposal, recycling and waste stream reduction, contact Ashland Distribution's Environmental Services Group at 800-637-7922.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

REGULATION

ILL O C LITTO					
ID	PROPER SHIPPING NAME	*HAZARD	SUBSIDIARY	PACKING	MARINE
NUMBER		CLASS	HAZARDS	GROUP	POLLUTANT
					/ LTD. QTY.

U.S. DOT - ROAD

Not dangerous goods

U.S. DOT - RAIL

Not dangerous goods

U.S. DOT - INLAND WATERWAYS

Not dangerous goods

TRANSPORT CANADA - ROAD

Not dangerous goods

TRANSPORT CANADA - RAIL

Not dangerous goods

TRANSPORT CANADA - INLAND WATERWAYS

Not dangerous goods

INTERNATIONAL MARITIME DANGEROUS GOODS

UN	1268	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES,	3	III
		N.O.S.		

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INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION - CARGO

UN 1268 Petroleum distillates, n.o.s. III

III

INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION - PASSENGER 3

Petroleum distillates, n.o.s. UN 1268

MEXICAN REGULATION FOR THE LAND TRANSPORT OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS AND WASTES

3

UN	1268	DESTILADOS DE PETROLEO,	3	III
		N.E.P.		

***ORM = ORM-D, CBL = COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID**

Dangerous goods descriptions (if indicated above) may not reflect quantity, end-use or region-specific exceptions that can be applied. Consult shipping documents for descriptions that are specific to the shipment.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

California Prop. 65

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.	ETHYL BENZENE NAPHTHALENE BENZENE
WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State	TOLUENE
of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.	BENZENE

SARA 313 Component(s) TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,2,4-	1.90 %
New Jersey RTK Label Information MINERAL SPIRITS REGULAR TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,2,4-	8052-41-3 95-63-6
Pennsylvania RTK Label Information MINERAL SPIRITS REGULAR TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,2,4-	8052-41-3 95-63-6



Australia. Industrial Chemical (Notification and Assessment)	y (positive listing)
Act	
Switzerland. Consolidated Inventory	y (positive listing)
Canada. Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA).	y (positive listing)
Domestic Substances List (DSL). (Can. Gaz. Part II, Vol. 133)	
China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	y (positive listing)
US. Toxic Substances Control Act	y (positive listing)
EU. EINECS	y (positive listing)
Korea. Toxic Chemical Control Law (TCCL) List	y (positive listing)
Philippines. The Toxic Substances and Hazardous and Nuclear	y (positive listing)
Waste Control Act	
Japan. Kashin-Hou Law List	y (positive listing)
Japan. Kashin-Hou Law List	y (positive listing)
Japan. Industrial Safety & Health Law (ISHL) List	y (positive listing)
New Zealand. Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC), as published	y (positive listing)
by ERMA New Zealand	

	HMIS	NFPA
Health	1*	1
Flammability	2	2
Physical hazards	0	
Instability		0
Specific Hazard		

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances. This MSDS has been prepared by Ashland's Environmental Health and Safety Department (1-800-325-3751).